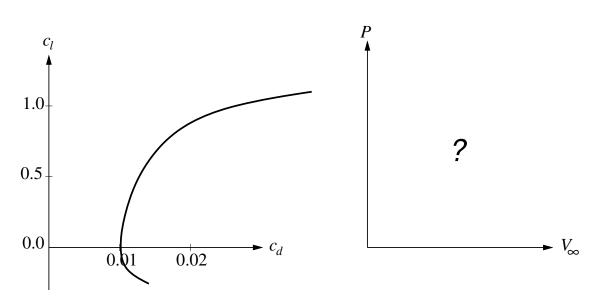
F22. A long rectangular wing has span b and chord c, and hence the wing area is S = bc.

a) The wing airfoil has certain lift and drag coefficients c_{ℓ} and c_d which are constant across the span. Determine how these relate to the wing's overall C_L and C_D . (Hint: Determine L' and D', then get L and D, then from these determine C_L and C_D).

The wing airfoil has a drag polar which can be approximated by

$$c_d \simeq 0.01 + 0.015 c_{\ell}^3$$

in the range $c_{\ell} = 0.1...1.2$. The propulsive power P needed to overcome drag D at flight speed V_{∞} is given by



b) Determine the form of the $P(V_{\infty})$ relation in level flight, and plot it for the range $c_{\ell} = 0.1...1.2$. Any constant multiplicative factors on the P and V_{∞} axes are not important – only the shape of the curve is of interest. Hint: Simplest approach is to plot $P(c_{\ell})$ versus $V(c_{\ell})$ with c_{ℓ} as a dummy parameter.

(Note: Using only the airfoil's c_d ignores other contributions such as induced drag, which become especially significant at low flight speeds!)

$$P = DV_{\infty}$$