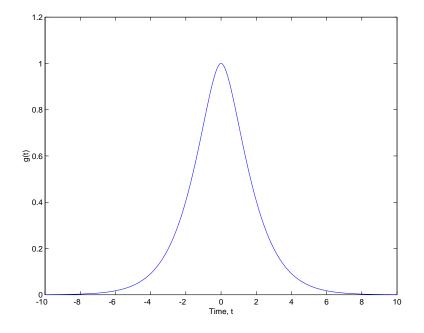
## Unified Engineering II

## Problem S21 (Signals and Systems)

## Solution:

1. The signal is plotted below:



The signal is very smooth, almost like a Gaussian. Therefore, I expect that the duration bandwidth product will be close to the theoretical lower bound.

2.

$$\left(\frac{\Delta t}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{\int t^2 g^2(t) \, dt}{\int g^2(t) \, dt}$$

The two integrals are easily evaluated for the given g(t). The result is

$$\int t^2 g^2(t) dt = \frac{7}{2}$$
$$\int g^2(t) dt = \frac{5}{2}$$

Therefore,

$$\Delta t = 2\sqrt{\frac{7}{5}}$$

3. The time domain formula for the bandwidth is

$$\left(\frac{\Delta\omega}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{\int \dot{g}^2(t) \, dt}{\int g^2(t) \, dt}$$

The numerator integral is

$$\int \dot{g}^2(t) \, dt = \frac{1}{2}$$

Therefore,

$$\Delta \omega = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$$

4. The duration-bandwidth product is

$$\Delta t \, \Delta \omega = \frac{4\sqrt{7}}{5} \approx 2.1166$$

which is very close to the theoretical lower limit of 2. This is not surprising, since the shape of g(t) is close to a gaussian.