## Lecture F1 Mud: Formation of Lifting Flow

(6 respondents)

- 1. Why is  $\vec{\xi} = \nabla \times (\vec{V} + \Delta \vec{V})$  the same as  $\vec{\xi} = \nabla \times \vec{V}$ ? (1 student) Since  $\Delta \vec{V}$  was defined to be a constant everywhere,  $\nabla \times (\Delta \vec{V}) = 0$ . A uniform added velocity has no effect on vorticity or circulation.
- 2. What's the mechanism of the vortex shedding? (1 student) Basically, the Kutta condition. The boundary layer fluid can't flow around the sharp trailing edge, so it peels off as a vortex sheet, thus carrying its vorticity away from the airfoil.
- 3. What happens when the airfoil decelerates? (1 student) The Pset sort of addresses this.
- 4. What if the circuit is big enough to include the initial vortex? (1 student) Not a problem. The circuit's  $\Gamma$  is still conserved when a new starting vortex forms. Airfoil + shed vortex circulation doesn't change. Universe continues to function properly.
- 5. Where do we get Xfoil? (1 student)

You can download xfoil.exe from http://raphael.mit.edu/xfoil . I suggest following the sample session commands. It becomes fairly natural with a bit of practice.

6. No mud (1 student)