Measuring the Size of a Signal I

Working in groups of 2 or 3, develop a definition of the *size* of a signal g(t). The definition should be quantitative, meaning that if I give you a specific signal, you could tell me the size of the signal, at least in principle.

Measuring the Size of a Signal II

Find the norm (size) of the signal

$$g(t) = \left[e^{-t} - e^{-2t}\right]\sigma(t)$$

My confidence that I have the correct answer is:

- 1. 100%
- 2. 80%
- 3. 60%
- 4. 40%
- 5. 20%
- 6. 0%

Measuring the Size of a Signal II

The norm of the signal

$$g(t) = \left[e^{-t} - e^{-2t}\right]\sigma(t)$$

is

$$||g(t)|| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{12}}$$

My answer

- 1. Was completely correct
- 2. Was mostly correct, with one or two minor errors
- 3. Had many errors
- 4. Was completely incorrect