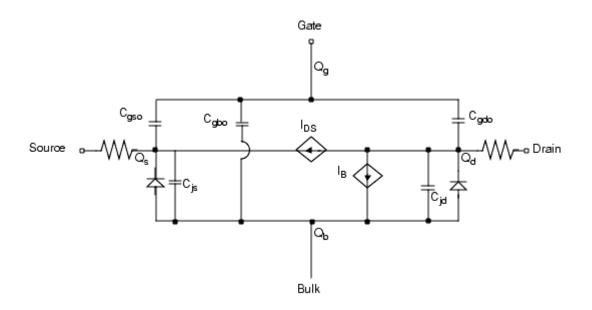
The following text is an excerpt from the Cadence documentation of Spectre for the 6.012 Microelectronics courses in Fall 05.

# MOS Level-1 Model (mos1)



## **Channel Width and Length**

 $W_{scaled} = w * scale + x w * scalem$ 

$W_{eff} = \begin{cases} \\ \\ \end{cases}$	w*scale + xw*scalem – 2wd*scalem	(Level 1-3)
	w*scale + xw*scalem – 2wd*scalem w*scale + xw*scalem – dw*scalem	(BSIM 1-2)

$$L_{eff} = \begin{cases} l*scale + xl*scalem - 2ld*scalem & (Level 1-3) \\ l*scale + xl*scalem - dl*scalem & (BSIM 1-2) \end{cases}$$

### **Threshold Voltage**

 $V_{TH} = vto + gamma(\sqrt{phi - V_{BS}} - \sqrt{phi})$ 

#### **Drain Saturation Voltage**

 $V_{DSAT} = V_{GS} - V_{TH} \equiv V_{GST}$ 

# **Drain Current for the Subthreshold Region**

Note: These equations apply when  $V_{GS}$ - $V_{ON} \le 0$ .

You cannot use the subthreshold current equations without nfs.

$$\boldsymbol{V}_{ON} = \begin{cases} \boldsymbol{V}_{TH} + \boldsymbol{n} \boldsymbol{V}_{T} & \text{ if nfs is specified} \\ \\ \boldsymbol{V}_{TH} & \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where

$$n = 1 + \frac{C_{FS} + C_D}{C_{ox}}$$

$$C_{FS} = q \times (nfs)$$

$$C_D = \frac{gamma C_{ox}}{2\sqrt{phi - V_{BS}}}$$

$$I_{DS} = I_{DS, ON} e^{(V_{OS} - V_{ON})/nV}$$

where  $I_{\rm DS,ON}$  is the drain current evaluated at  $V_{\rm GS}$  =  $V_{\rm ON}.$ 

#### **Drain Current for the Triode Region**

Note: These equations apply when  $V_{\textit{GS}}V_{ON}$  and  $V_{DS}{\,\leq\,}V_{DSAT}$ 

$$I_{DS} = \beta \left( V_{GST} - \frac{1}{2} V_{DS} \right) V_{DS} (1 + lambda * V_{DS})$$

where

$$\beta = \frac{kp * W_{eff}}{L_{eff}}$$

#### **Drain Current for the Saturation Region**

Note: This equation applies when  $V_{GS}V_{ON}$  and  $V_{DS}V_{DSAT}$ .

$$I_{DS} = \frac{\beta V_{GST}^2}{2} (1 + lambda * V_{DS})$$

Because the standard SPICE Level-1 model does not include any of the short-channel phenomena, such as mobility modulation and velocity-saturation effects, the uses for this model are limited. To retain high computational efficiency and improve accuracy, the Spectre<sup>®</sup> circuit simulator incorporates two parameters, theta and vmax, into the Level-1 model. The meanings of theta and vmax are the same as those in the Level-3 model. The modified Level-1 model is like a simplified Level-3 model. Spectre uses the modified Level-1 model if theta or vmax (or both) is specified. The drain current equations for the modified Level-1 model are shown in the following section.

#### Drain Saturation Voltage (Modified Level-1 Model)

$$V_{DSAT} = \frac{V_{GST}}{\sqrt{K}}$$

where

$$K = \frac{1 + V_c + \sqrt{1 + 2V_c}}{2}$$
$$V_c = \frac{V_{GST}uo}{vmax * L_{eff}}$$

#### Drain Current for the Triode Region (Modified Level-1 Model)

$$I_{DS} = \frac{\beta (V_{GST} - \frac{1}{2}V_{DS})V_{DS}[1 + lambda * V_{DS}]}{(1 + theta * V_{GST})(1 + V_{DS}/(E_c L_{eff}))}$$

where

 $E_c = \frac{vmax}{uo}$ 

#### Drain Current for the Saturation Region (Modified Level-1 Model)

 $I_{DS} = \frac{\beta (V_{GST} - \frac{1}{2}V_{DSAT})V_{DSAT}[1 + lambda * V_{DS}]}{(1 + theta * V_{GST})(1 + V_{DSAT}/E_cL_{eff})}$