Massachusetts Institute of Technology Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science

6.087: Practical Programming in C

IAP 2010

Problem Set 1

Writing, compiling, and debugging programs. Preprocessor macros. C file structure. Variables. Functions and program statements. Returning from functions.

Out: Monday, January 11, 2010.

Due: Tuesday, January 12, 2010.

Problem 1.1

- (a) What do curly braces denote in C? Why does it make sense to use curly braces to surround the body of a function?
- (b) Describe the difference between the literal values 7, "7", and '7'.
- (c) Consider the statement double ans = 10.0+2.0/3.0-2.0*2.0;

Rewrite this statement, inserting parentheses to ensure that ans = 11.0 upon evaluation of this statement.

Problem 1.2

Consider the statement **double** ans = 18.0/squared(2+1);

For each of the four versions of the function macro squared() below, write the corresponding value of ans.

- 1. #define squared(x) x*x
- 2. #define squared(x) (x*x)
- 3. #define squared(x) (x)*(x)
- 4. #define squared(x) ((x)*(x))

Problem 1.3

Write the "Hello, 6.087 students" program described in lecture in your favorite text editor and compile and execute it. Turn in a printout or screen shot showing

- the command used to compile your program
- the command used to execute your program (using gdb)
- the output of your program

Problem 1.4

The following lines of code, when arranged in the proper sequence, output the simple message "All your base are belong to us."

```
    return 0;
    const char msg[] = MSG1;
    .
    .
    #define MSG1 "All your base are belong to us!"
    .
    int main(void) {
```

- 6. #include <stdio.h>
- 7. puts(msg);

Write out the proper arrangement (line numbers are sufficient) of this code.

Problem 1.5

For each of the following statements, explain why it is not correct, and fix it.

```
(a) #include <stdio.h>;
(b) int function(void arg1)
   {
    return arg1-1;
  }
```

(c) #define MESSAGE = "Happy new year!"
 puts(MESSAGE);

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