## Unit Step Response: Post-initial Conditions

Quiz: Consider the equation

$$
\dot{v}+k v=u(t)
$$

with rest initial conditions, $v\left(0^{-}\right)=0$.
For the solution $v(t)$ what is $\dot{v}\left(0^{+}\right)$?

## Choices:

a) $\dot{v}\left(0^{+}\right)=0$
b) $\dot{v}\left(0^{+}\right)=1 / k$
c) $\dot{v}\left(0^{+}\right)=1$
d) $\dot{v}\left(0^{+}\right)=k$
e) None of these.

Answer: (c)
$v(t)$ is continuous so $v\left(0^{-}\right)=v\left(0^{+}\right)=v(0)=0$ Therefore the DE shows $\dot{v}\left(0^{+}\right)=u\left(0^{+}\right)=1$.

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### 18.03SC Differential Equations[]

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