2.96/2.961/6.930/10.806/13.52/16.653/22.002 Management in Engineering Fall 2012 Problem Set 1

- 1. Prepare the journal entry for each transaction.
 - Lohan's Active Pest Deterrents ("LAPD") was founded on January 1, 2007. The company's founder, Lindsey, provides two services: Pest Removal and Pest Prevention.
 - The pest removal service eradicates ants, termites, rats, and other vermin (paparazzi) that might infest your house or business.
 - Pest prevention service is a service that she provides quarterly to customers, where she treats the house with her patented Pest Prevention Elixirs that discourage ants and termites from entering the customer's residence (or business).
 - During the first fiscal year of operations, Lindsey engaged in the transactions listed as below

[Example] On January 1st (2007), LAPD used cash to purchase equipment costing \$200,000.

Transaction	Accounts	Debit	Credit
01-01-2007	Equipment (A)	200,000	
	Cash (A)		200,000

a. On February 1st, purchased poison supplies for \$20,000 on credit

Transaction	Accounts	Debit	Credit
02-01-2007	Supplies (A)	20,000	
	Accounts Payable		20,000
	(L)		

b. On April 10, performed pest prevention services and received \$50,000 payment by cash from DINA's Delightful Deli.

Transaction	Accounts	Debit	Credit
04-10-2007	Cash (A)	50,000	
	Revenue (SE)		50,000

c. On April 21st, billed clients for Pest Removal Services performed during the month of April totaling \$75,000.

Transaction	Accounts	Debit	Credit
04-21-2007	Accounts Receivable	75,000	
	(A)		
	Revenue (SE)		75,000

d. On July 1st, performed pest prevention services worth of \$100,000 and received \$50,000 immediately with the remainder on credit.

Transaction	Accounts	Debit	Credit
07-01-2007	Cash (A)	50,000	
	Accounts Receivable	50,000	
	(A)		
	Revenue (SE)		100,000

2. Complete the missing values from (a) to (i) in the chart below. Show your calculations. Note that the first year of operations is 2001.

	2003	2002	2001
Assets			
Cash	600	500	100
Accounts Receivable	500	400	400
Inventory	400	350	(a)
Land	300	250	250
Property, plant, and equipment	900	(d)	600
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	d ^a		-
Accounts Payable	(g)	500	200
Bonds Payable	600	400	600
Contributed Capital	900	500	500
Retained Earnings	900	(e)	100
Sales	2000	(f)	1000
Expenses	(h)	(800)	(500)
Net Income	(i)	800	(b)
Dividends	500	0	(c)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(a) Accounts Receivable: Total assets = Total liabilities + Total stockholders' equity 100 + 400 + (a) + 250 + 600 = 200 + 600 + 500 + 100Inventory = 50

(b) Expenses:
Net income = Sales + Expenses
(b) = 1000 - 500
Net income = 500

(c) Dividends: Ending retained earnings = Beginning retained earnings + Net income – Dividends 100 = 0 + 500 - (c)Dividends = 400 (d) & (e) Total assets = Total liabilities + Total stockholders' equity \$500 + 400 + 350 + 250 + (d) = 500 + 400 + 500 + (e)Retained earnings

Ending retained earnings = Beginning retained earnings + Net income – Dividends (e) Retained earnings = 100 + 800 - 0 = 900

(d) Inventory = 800

(f) Sales: Net income = Sales - Expenses 800 = (f) - Expenses Expenses = - $\$800 \rightarrow 800$ (f) = 1600

(g) Accounts payable: Total assets = Total liabilities + Total stockholders' equity 600 + 500 + 400 + 300 + 900 = (g) + 600 + 900 + 900Accounts receivable = 300

(h) Expenses: Net income = Sales - Expenses 500 (from i) = 2000 - (h) Expenses = 1500

(i) Net income: Ending retained earnings = Beginning retained earnings + Net income – Dividends 900 = 900 + (i) - 500Net income = 500 2.96 / 2.961 / 6.930 / 10.806 / 16.653 Management in Engineering Fall 2012

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