## Creating Access, Value and Profits with Rural ICT Services

#### Hypothesis: The Internet is POWER

Hypothesis is largely untested in rural context Development Community is slow/ineffective Private sector is still unconvinced/unable

Opportunity knocks: Cable STD/PCO SMS/wireless Prepaid

## Need: Assessments and Best-Practice

Hypothesis: The Internet is POWER

But need to do for the Internet what others have done for voice telephony, e.g. rigorous evidence of:

- micro- and macro-economics
- consumer surplus
- productivity gains
- earnings, wages, employment
- women's empowerment
- health and wellness
- education and literacy
- peace and security....

#### SARI: Sustainable Access in Rural India

#### SARI is a project of

- MIT
- IIT Madras
- Harvard University
- iGyan Foundation
- n-Logue Communications Pvt. Ltd.

#### WLL Village Tele-kiosks

Provide Internet (via WLL/CorDECT), PC, and application suite (an Internet tele-kiosk) to villages - many off the phone grid

Village Internet tele-kiosks are locally owned and operated (franchise model)

## corDECT

- Internet provision at rates that can handle applications such as video chat
- Toll-quality voice services and simple connectivity to the PSTN
  - Affordability and robust performance more important than unnecessary new features

## **Pilot Project Scope**

- Cover all the villages and small towns in Madurai District, Tamil Nadu, South India
- Madurai city not included
- Pilot project undertaken in the Taluk of Melur covering the two Panchayat Unions of Melur and Kottampatti
- Service area 2,000 KM<sup>2</sup>, 32,000 people

#### **Pilot Status**

- 80 connections in over 50 villages
- Average village size of 1,000 households; smallest is 300 households
- Will extend to over 200 villages
- Highest density of rural Internet kiosks anywhere
- 23% of catchment area population has used the Internet (national average 1.5%, world 9%)
- Kiosks with local entrepreneurs as well as in government offices, schools, etc.

## **Connected Villages**

- Padinetankudi
- Karungalakudi
- **Keelavalavu**
- Vellalur
- Urranganpatti
- Thaniamangalam
- Alagarkovil
- Neaythanpatti
- T.Ulagpitchanpatti
- Sengarampatti
- Othakadai
- Attapatti
- Kottampatti
- Chittampatti
- Pudhutamaraipatti
- Pulimalaipatti
- Mankulam
- Karpuooravahini
- A.Vellalapatti

- Navinipatti
- Kelaiyur
- Kallampatti
- Arittapatti
- Narasingampatti
- Therkutheru
- Kottakudi
- T.Vellalapatti
- Thiruvadhavur
- Arasappanpatti
- Vellaripatti
- Andipattipudur
- Thumbaipatti
- Melur- Kalanjiyam Tr Centre
- Palayasukkampatti
- Kuthappanpatti
- Kidaripatti
- Kattayampatti
- Pullipatti

## **Current Research Inputs Include**

- household surveys
- operator surveys
- user surveys
- instrumented PC's
- ISP meter reads
- maintenance logs
- daily usage reports
- government usage reports
- baseline surveys
- payment reports

### Micro Business Model

\$300

#### Capital costs:

- wiring, furniture \$300kiosk equipment \$1,000
- klosk equipmentother

#### Recurrent costs (monthly):

- rent, elec., maintenance \$25
- Internet \$15
- Interest and depreciation \$28
- Break-even revenue (no labor) \$68 (monthly), \$ 2.70 (daily)

### Micro Business Model

- Break-even revenue \$2.70 per day
  Today average revenue \$2.27 per day
  Average number visitors 25 per day
- Note: phone still not available (will drive substantial foot traffic)
- Substantial under-reporting
  - meter readings and monitoring software to help understand usage (average under-reported Internet usage at 1/13 minutes).
- Tensions between research and business efforts, cultural issues
  - More minutes might mean more ISP charges
  - Accurate minutes count helps test hypothesis

# Costs of Entry

	Average	Min	Max
System and Wallset	\$465	\$30	\$1640
Electrical Expenses	25	4	140
Marketing	32	4	300
Rent (advance)	140	40	1920
Design/appearance	160	13	500
Furniture	82	20	500
Total observed	\$750	\$0	\$3530

### Scaling the Results

- TN's rural population density is 297 per KM<sup>2</sup>
- Most of rural TN is within 50 KM of fiber
- Adequate electricity in Madurai district (~6-8 hr/day)
- Physical terrain of Madurai district okay for terrestrial wireless
- Communities are poor (incomes average under \$1/day, highly variable) and agriculture based, ICT awareness and sensitization helps drive interest Internet
- Fairly supportive/enlightened government
- Lower Illiteracy, fairly equal male/female balance

## Scaling the Results

Recall current break-even point is \$2.70 per day

\$300 Internet appliance \$2.10
100 KM Microwave backhaul \$2.95
Population density of 100/KM<sup>2</sup> \$4.31
VSAT \$4.68
PV Solar Cells \$5.06

## **Assorted Tales**

- Educational booklets
- Local sourcing
- Egov efforts
- Health, Medicine, Prices

## **Randomly Assorted Lessons**

- Training, buy-in, ongoing support for KOs
- Local, local, local
- Maintain self-awareness
- Buy decent equipment
- Choose partners wisely
- Financing
- Beware attention
- Patience

#### Thank You

http://edevelopment.media.mit.edu/SARI/mainsari.html

Colin Maclay Berkman Center for Internet and Society Harvard Law School <u>http://cyber.law.harvard.edu/</u> <u>http://www.tenet.res.in/</u> http://web.media.mit.edu/~mikeb/

Thanks to Mike Best for most of this presentation