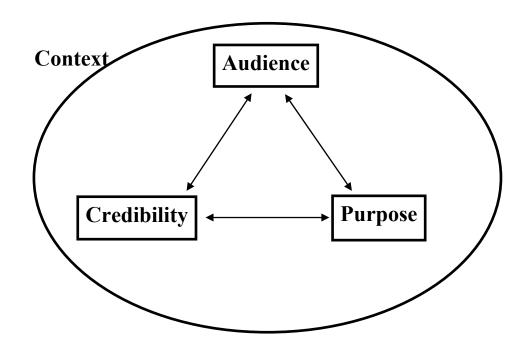
- Formulate a strategy
- Choose an appropriate structure
- Create visual aids to enhance your presentation
- Strive for effective and natural delivery
- Handle Q & A effectively

Giving Oral Presentations

- **■** Formulate a strategy
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Analyzing the Situation



Deciding on a Communication Strategy

Content

- How much literature to review?
- How much detail on methods?
- How much detail on findings?

Style

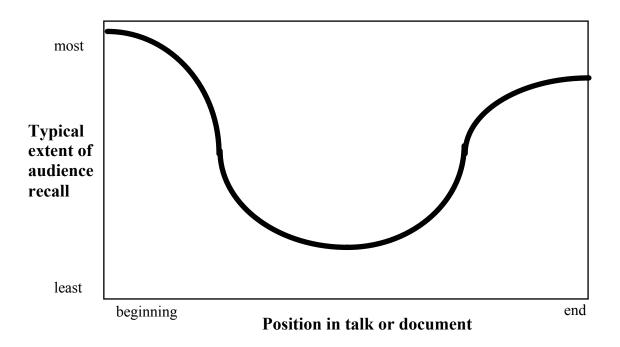
- Level of technical language?
- Appeal to general audience?

Structure

Giving Oral Presentations

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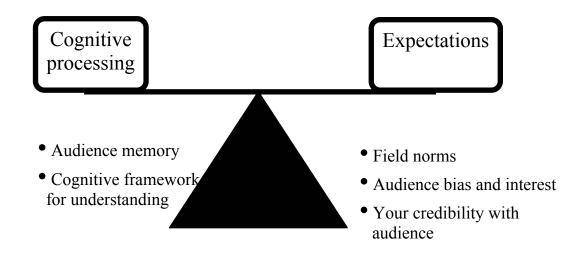
Deciding on a Structure: Cognitive Processing Constraints



Two Approaches to Structure

| | Direct (easier to follow) | Indirect (often conventional) |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Informative | Main result, followed by evidence | Evidence, leading to result |
| Persuasive | Overall argument backed by evidence | Evidence leading to Overall argument |

Deciding on a Structure: Balancing Audience's Cognitive Processing and Expectations



Planning Segments of Presentation

■ Introduction

- Arouse interest and show relevance to audience
- Establish rapport and credibility
- State main message (if direct) & preview agenda

■ Body

- Limit to 5 major sections or points
- Adjust detail to audience background and needs
- Clarify progress through agenda

■ Conclusion

- Make or recap main point(s)
- Note limitations
- Look to future research

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Creating Visual Aids: Functions

- Clarify structure
- Emphasize important ideas
- Illustrate relationships or objects visually
- Enhance and maintain interest

Choose Appropriate Medium for Visual Aids

- Flip charts
- Overhead transparencies
- Computer projection
- Slides
- Posters

Overhead Transparencies

Advantages

- Easy and inexpensive (in black & white) to make
- Flexible: order may be changed and slides written on or omitted
- Low tech and relatively dependable
- Visible with room lights up

Disadvantages

- Potentially obstructive: projector can interfere
- Less modern in image
- Can't use build function

Computer Projection

Advantages

- Easy to make and inexpensive for presenter
- Changeable up to last minute
- Colorful and dynamic

Disadvantages

- Room lights must usually be lowered
- Image may be dim or too high
- Less dependable (have back-up)
- Exhaust fan may be loud

Effectively Designed Visual Aids...

- Are uncluttered and readable
- Maintain consistent template
- Are appropriately titled
- Limit use of color
- Avoid distortion by special effects

Using Visual Aids

- Check equipment and room in advance
- Have alternatives in case of equipment failure
- Avoid blocking audience's view
- Interact with visuals effectively
- Look at your audience, not the screen

Remember...

You are the presentation--the visuals are not.

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Delivering Your Presentation

- **■** Verbal: Sound natural & conversational
 - Tone, pitch, pace
 - Fluency
- Nonverbal: Project confidence & enthusiasm
 - Confidence
 - Movement, use of space
 - Gestures
 - Eye contact and facial expression

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Answering Questions

- Plan for questions & practice answers
- Answer effectively
 - Listen carefully to whole question
 - Buy time to think
 - Be honest about what you don't know
 - Avoid dialogues with one person
 - Handle inappropriate questions quickly and tactfully
- End Q & A by restating your point

Conclusion: Points to Remember

- Formulate a strategy
- Choose an appropriate structure
- Create visual aids to enhance your presentation
- Strive for effective and natural delivery
- Handle Q & A effectively