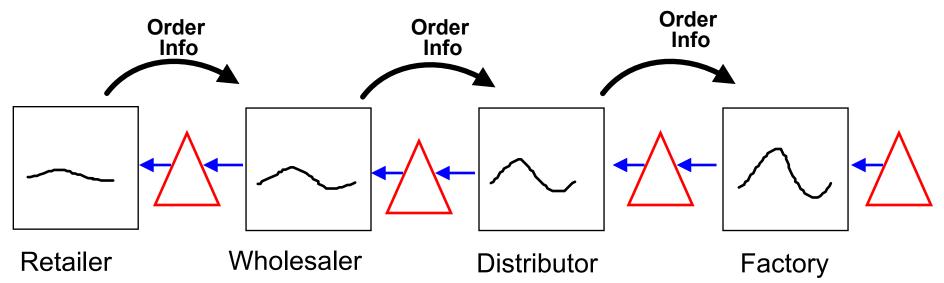
15.760: Cisco/MRP/ERP

- 1. Admin: Peapod, Questions/Feedback
- 2. What were the lessons of the Beer Game?
- 3. How does production control work in the beer game?
- 4. Explain the purpose and logic of MRP.
- 5. What is the function of Cisco's ERP system?

Volatility Amplification in the Supply Chain: "The Bullwhip Effect"

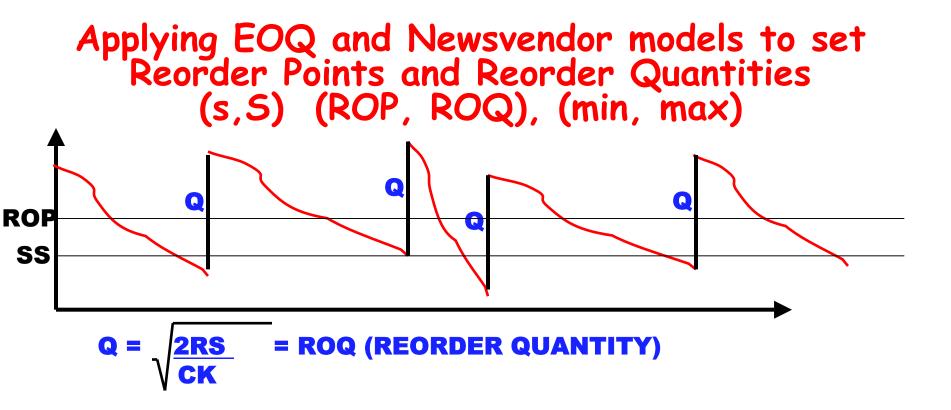


How does production control work in the Beer Game?

Information lags Delivery lags Over- and underordering Misperceptions of feedback Lumpiness in ordering Chain accumulations

SOLUTIONS:

- Countercyclical Markets
- Countercyclical Technologies
- Collaborative channel mgmt. (Cincinnati Milacron & Boeing)

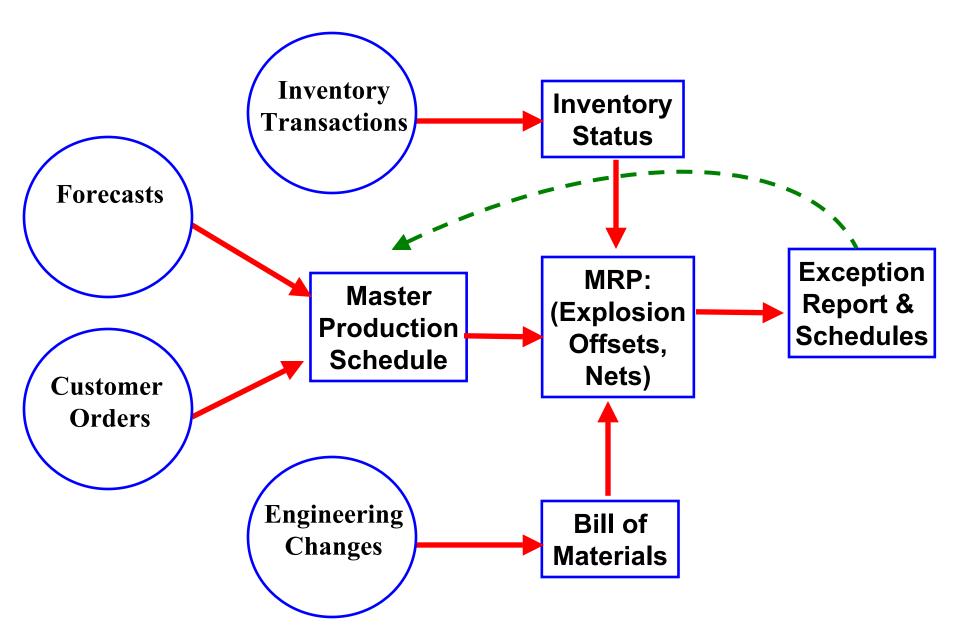


ROP=Reorder Point = Expected Demand During the order lead time + safety stock = E{DDL} + SS

Prob {DDL \leq ROP} = Cu/(Co+Cu)

Cu=Cost of Underage (*r-c* in newsvendor); Co=Cost of Overage (*c* in newsvendor) But, Co with nonperishables is c x cost of holding ROP=SS+E{DDL}; DDL = X1 + X2 + . . . + XL; E{DDL} = E{L} x E{X} i.e., DDL has a mean of Expected lead time x Expected avg demand/unit time Variance{DDL}~Var{X} x E{L} + Var{L} x E{X²}

What is the Purpose and Logic of MRP ?



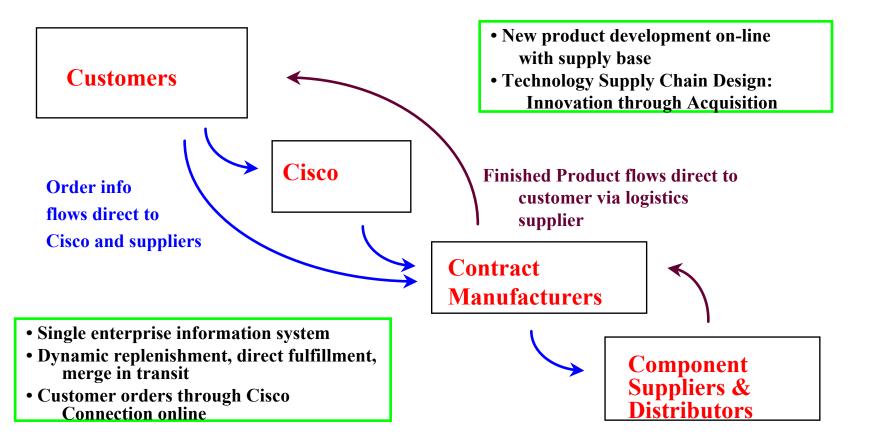
What is the Purpose and Logic of MRP?

- Coordination of Production and Inventory in large, multi-stage production systems
- Used for
 - Scheduling & re-scheduling
 - Capacity Planning
 - Supplier coordination (internal & external)
- Timely dissemination of information
- Time-phased production & procurement
 - with lead time offsets & BOM explosions
- Independent vs. Dependent demand
- Requires centralized information system; hence ERP
- Organizes large complex production and delivery coordination requirements

Criticisms of MRP

- Deterministic Model
- Push system
- poor data ==> GIGO
- Self-fulfilling lead times
- Difficult/costly ot install & maintain
- Centralized command & control mindset

Cisco's End-to-End Integration for its Fulfillment Supply Chain



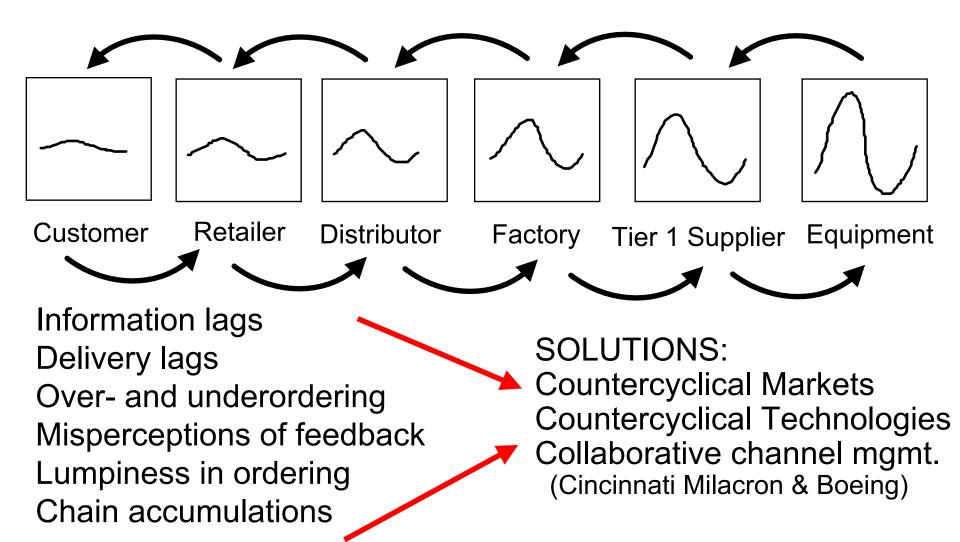
Basic Design Principle: Arm's length Relationship with Fulfillment Chain Partners

Cisco's Strategy for Technology Supply Chain Design

- 1. Integrate technology around the router to be a communications network provider.
- 2. Leverage acquired technology with
 - sales muscle and reach
 - end-to-end IT
 - outsourced manufacturing
 - market growth
- 3. Leverage venture capital to supply R&D

Basic Design Principle: Acquisition Relationship with Technology Chain Partners

Volatility Amplification in the Supply Chain: "The Bullwhip Effect"



Supply Chain Volatility Amplification: Machine Tools at the tip of the Bullwhip

"We are experiencing a 100-year flood." J. Chambers, 4/16/01

See "Upstream Volatility in the Supply Chain: The Machine Tool Industry as a Case Study," E. Anderson, C. Fine & G. Parker *Production and Operations Management,* Vol. 9, No. 3, Fall 2000, pp. 239-261.

LESSONS FROM A FRUIT FLY: CISCO SYSTEMS

- 1. KNOW YOUR LOCATION IN THE VALUE CHAIN
- 2. UNDERSTAND THE DYNAMICS OF VALUE CHAIN FLUCTUATIONS
- 3. THINK CAREFULLY ABOUT THE ROLE OF VERTICAL COLLABORATIVE RELATIONSHIPS
- 4. INFORMATION AND LOGISTICS SPEED DO NOT REPEAL BUSINESS CYCLES OR THE BULLWHIP.